

SEMINOLE PACTA SUNT SERVANDA EN LEX JURISPRUDENCE DEJURE PRIESTHOOD

**Secured Party Grantor Belton Lamont Durrell Belton sui
juris "AT LAW 019073 Private Bank**

Uniform Bonding code Valuable Papers Insurance

The above entity SEMINOLEis De jure Aboriginal title, obligee beneficiary to the United Nations Declaration of Rights of Indigenous and tribal People Permanent forum 2006 United Nations General Assembly Article 31 Right of Self Determination autonomy self government is guaranteed!

2006 DRIP Article 38 Banking All Obligors of States and Federal Institutions Shall assist Accurately Adequately with all banking secured transactions!



Seminole Pact Sunt Servanda En Lex Jurisprudence Dejure Priesthood, the Sovereign Competent Lender, at UCc trust, Uniform Commercial code Article-1. jurisdiction natural law common law, and is of de jure record, as Private Bank GLDB 019073/ Operating Entity fully assured full faith and credit, that issues secured party voucher tender, via UCc 3-603 GUARANTEE, VOUCHER IS A GUARANTEE, VALUED SAME LEGALLY AT INVOICE AMOUNT PRESENTED FOR CRDEITING ACCOUNTS, DISCHARGE AND OR PAYMENT being the same. Voucher is the UCc Valuable Papers Wrap Insurance, via UCc jurisdiction, VOUCHER is INSURED at 100% on all transactions GLDB19073 Reserve Bank Guarantee, Indemnifies all secured party from any commercial loss, damages, or injuries!

MEDALLION STAMP BAR CODE



GLDB RESERVE BANK019073 Bonded assured Deed Stamp 3857PGO379 of UCc record at good standing at commercial transaction, assured to perform as PRIVATE BANK Common Law Bank Article 17, IS THE for both private and public, is UCc International Valuable Papers Insurance Wrap, originated 4 14 2005 019073 American Republic allodial Commercial Native American Bond #LRI019073 Tax Extinguished, FULLY ASSURED INSURED Wrap via UCc 08-10-08-7015-1 and is BAR CODED on the SEMINOLE PACTA SUNT SERVANDA EN LEX JURISPRUDENCE DEJURE PRIESTHOOD Medallion Stamp, is the SAME AS Voucher. Voucher is defined as cash guarantee, IS CASH EQUALIVENT! VOUCHERS ARE THE ONLY COMMERCIAL INSTRUMENT at tryst UCc trust, for Aborigines indigenous Peoples, per TITLE USC 31 5118, IT IS A SPECIFIC EVIL TO DEMAND UNITED STATES FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES ONLY FOR PAYMENT DISCHARGE OR TO CREDIT BECAUSE IT IS 15 USC FRAUD MISREPRESENTATION, is a debt note, a negative, cannot discharge deficits!

UCc article 1. 1930 Geneva Convention DECLARED ALL CORPORATION BANKRUPT ON ALL CONTINENTS! FIATS SUCH AS NOTES ARE NON INSURED FDIC! UCc restored aboriginal indigenous Continental lands, as 1st nations land owner, all redemptions, the secured party is the creditor to ALL

DEBTOR DISSOLVED STATE LLC via UCc bankruptcy article 1 article 3 and article 9 to discharged all debts presented AND TO CREDIT THE ACCOUNTS VIA VOUCHER

Valuable Papers Commercial Papers Collateral lien levy Asset Account No. LAMONT DURRELL BELTON DCN FILE No. 08-10-08-7015-1 on file for the General Populace inspections and inquiry via UCc article 11 search AND MEDALLION STAMP is the UCc INSURANCE WRAP, is legal record via GLDB RESERVE BANK 019073 UCc 11 search for operating entity is the secured party UCc account as UCc Creditor of Record only!

UCc Custodians are Commissioners, ONLY for maintaining UCc records, is only for archive non political obligors "NO JURISDICTION OVER the UCc" are SERVANTS for the Master UCc JURISDICTION that is Superior to all Constitutions and Charters, revoked via Vatican Pontiff Pope Francis Romanus Pontifex, and Motu Proprio, year 2013 2015 2017 Effective on all Continents globally, bound all COLONIAL ACTOR GOVERNMENTS Federal and State under bankruptcy via UCc bankruptcy provisions and is bound further as OBLIGOR DEBTOR VIRGINIA STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION 12..1-19 promulgated via The Great Seal Perseverando code 1- 1500

The UCc is Only Ruling international and commercial law for secured transactions, and is Law, and is the Ruling international Land Law, and de jure Laws regulating Commercial, Financial, Private, Public Federal State laws, suggested practices.



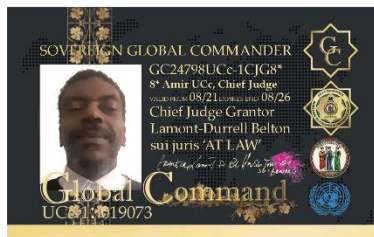
Grant Lamont D. Belton sui juris
56.10.2015

**Chief Judge Grantor
Lamont-Durrell Belton sui
juris "AT LAW"**



*Amir General Res judicata consular insular aboriginal justiciare UCc ARTICLE 1
PRIVATE, INTERNATIONAL and COMMERCIAL LAW JURISDICTION.*

*Owner and Grantor of GLDB Reserve Bank,
BOND: 019073 - GC24798UCc-1CJG8**



Secured Transactions Section (STS)

The Secured Transactions Section (STS) is open to IACA members who are responsible for the personal property secured transaction registry functions in their jurisdiction. The section's major efforts are focused on the standardization of information requirements and search results in secured transaction registries in order to give financiers greater confidence in lending. The section develops educational programs for its members.

The section played a significant role in shaping the filing provisions in the revision of Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC). Additionally, STS was instrumental in the development and implementation of electronic filing of financing statements pursuant to international standards, lending innovation in the development of electronic government solutions in these areas and developing model forms and administrative rules for secured transaction registry functions.

The section works closely with other organizations sharing our common interests to effect legal changes and otherwise improve the operation of filing offices in all jurisdictions. The members of the section work closely with the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws and the Permanent Editorial Board for the Uniform Commercial Code to promote changes in the UCC or highlight issues within the UCC.

To sign up for the STS list serve or view the list serve archives, visit the [STS List Serve page](#).

Blue sky laws, to prevent insurance fraud like using USD NOTES that is evil to demand via title 31 USC as third party till

About this website

The Uniform Law Commission (ULC), also called the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, is a non-profit, American unincorporated association. Established in 1892, th... [Wikipedia](#)

- <https://www.uniformlaws.org/acts/ucc>

Insuranceopedia Explains Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)

The UCC is the reference point for transactions involving borrowing money, negotiating contracts, leasing equipment, and/or selling goods. It is the legal reference book for running a business. All the states and territories in the United States have adopted the UCC as it is and are thus code-compliant, although some states have revised their sets to tailor-fit the code to their particular needs and requirements.

Valuable papers insurance is a kind of property insurance that protects documents such as [wills](#), share certificates, or other crucial paper items

How Does Valuable Papers Insurance Work?

Let's say Company XYZ's headquarters burns down. Inside were the company's share certificates, original copies of the [corporate charter](#), important documents related to personnel, a court case it was involved in, and other important documents that were proof of various things.

Company XYZ has valuable papers insurance, so it files a claim and is reimbursed for the value of these documents. Though they are just pieces of paper, the time and effort involved in reconstructing the evidence in the court case, reproducing all the share certificates, and replacing myriad other critical documentation lost in the fire will cost hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of time.

Medical and legal records are often the toughest to reproduce, as are documents related to research and development.

Why Does Valuable Papers Insurance Matter?

In this age of technology, most information and records are electronic, but original documents are still important. Valuable papers insurance can be helpful in compensating companies for the time spent reproducing lost documents, but it cannot actually replace those documents. Sometimes crucial documents can't be replaced at all.

Valuable papers insurance is mostly for businesses, though individuals can also acquire coverage. Insurers often require the insured to guard the papers (put them in a safe, for example) in order to receive compensation if they are destroyed.